# String Connections and Supersymmetric Sigma Models

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1.) What are string connections?

2.) What are string connections good for?

Setup:

- Riemannian manifold (M,g) of dimension n
- ► Frame bundle *P*<sub>O(*n*)</sub>

Whitehead tower:

$$\blacktriangleright \cdots \longrightarrow \operatorname{String}(n) \longrightarrow \operatorname{Spin}(n) \longrightarrow \operatorname{SO}(n) \longrightarrow \operatorname{O}(n)$$

• Orientation = Lift of  $P_{O(n)}$  to SO(n)

**Obstruction:**  $w_1 \in \mathrm{H}^1(M, \mathbb{Z}_2)$ 

- ► Spin structure = Lift of  $P_{SO(n)}$  to Spin(n)Obstruction:  $w_2 \in H^2(M, \mathbb{Z}_2)$
- ► String structure = Lift of  $P_{\text{Spin}(n)}$  to String(n)Obstruction:  $\frac{1}{2}p_1 \in \text{H}^4(M,\mathbb{Z})$

Question:

- $A_g$  Levi-Cevita connection on  $P_{O(n)}$
- Does A<sub>g</sub> lift along lifts

$$\cdots \longrightarrow P_{\operatorname{String}(n)} \longrightarrow P_{\operatorname{Spin}(n)} \longrightarrow P_{\operatorname{SO}(n)} \longrightarrow P_{\operatorname{O}(n)} ?$$

Fact:

• Once a spin structure is given,  $A_g$  lifts uniquely.

What is the corresponding statement for string structures?

- ▶ Question is not well-defined: String(*n*) is not a Lie group!
- Way out:
  - (a) use strict Fréchet Lie 2-group (Baez et al. '07)
  - (b) use group object in smooth stacks (Schommer-Pries '09)
  - (c) do **not** use the string group (this talk)

Fact:

► Associated to any Spin(n)-bundle P over M is a finite-dimensional and smooth 2-gerbe CS<sub>P</sub> over M, called Chern-Simons 2-gerbe.

• Its characteristic class is  $\frac{1}{2}p_1 \in \mathrm{H}^4(M,\mathbb{Z})$ .

## Theorem (KW)

There is a canonical bijection

$$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{Equivalence} \\ \mathsf{classes of string} \\ \mathsf{structures on } P\end{array}\right\} \cong \left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{Isomorphism classes of} \\ \mathsf{trivializations of } \mathbb{CS}_P\end{array}\right\}$$

Definition (replacing previous definition)

A string structure on P is a trivialization

$$\mathbb{CS}_{P} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{T}} \mathbb{I}$$

of the Chern-Simons 2-gerbe. Here  ${\mathbb I}$  is the trivial gerbe.

Another fact:

► Associated to a connection A on P is a connection ∇<sub>A</sub> on the Chern-Simons 2-gerbe CS<sub>P</sub>.

#### Definition

A string connection for  $(\mathbb{T}, A)$  is an extension of the string structure  $\mathbb{T}$  to a connection-preserving trivialization

$$(\mathbb{CS}_P, \nabla_A) \xrightarrow{(\mathbb{T}, \mathbf{V})} (\mathbb{I}, \nabla_H).$$

The connection  $\nabla_H$  on  $\mathbb{I}$  is given by  $H \in \Omega^3(M)$ .

#### **Theorem** (KW)

For any pair  $(\mathbb{T}, A)$  there exists a string connection. Their choices form an affine space.

What are string connections?

 Connection-preserving trivializations of the Chern-Simons 2-gerbe CS<sub>P</sub>.

What are they good for?

Transgression:

Σ a closed surface

Transgression is a functorial assignment



> On characteristic classes, it is integration along the fibre:

$$\mathrm{H}^{4}(M,\mathbb{Z}) \xrightarrow{\int_{\Sigma} \mathrm{ev}^{*}} \mathrm{H}^{2}(C^{\infty}(\Sigma,M),\mathbb{Z})$$

What is the transgression of the Chern-Simons 2-gerbe?

► It is a **Pfaffian line bundle** over  $C^{\infty}(\Sigma, M)$ . What does the string connection  $(\mathbb{T}, \mathbf{V})$  do?

By functorality, it trivializes this Pfaffian line bundle.

Pfaffian bundle:

- $(\Sigma, \gamma)$  Riemann surface with spin structure,  $S\Sigma$  spinor bundle.
- For each map  $X : \Sigma \longrightarrow M$ , there is a **twisted Dirac** operator

 $D_X : \Gamma(S\Sigma \otimes X^*TM) \longrightarrow \Gamma(S\Sigma \otimes X^*TM).$ 

• The **Pfaffian** of  $D_X$  is a complex line.

### Theorem (Freed '87)

These Pfaffians form a hermitian line bundle  $\mathcal{P}faff(D)$  with connection over  $C^{\infty}(\Sigma, M)$ .

Theorem (Bunke '09)

There exists a canonical isomorphism

$$\mathscr{T}(\mathbb{CS}_P, \nabla_A) \cong \mathcal{P} faff(D).$$

#### A supersymmetric sigma model is given by:

- Riemannian manifold (M,g)
- ▶ string structure  $\mathbb{T}$  with string connection  $\mathbf{V}$  for  $(\mathbb{T}, A_g)$ .

A field is:

- Riemann surface  $(\Sigma, \gamma)$  with spin structure
- map  $X : \Sigma \longrightarrow M$  "Boson"
- section  $\psi \in \Gamma(S\Sigma \otimes X^*TM)$  "Fermion"

Action functional:

$$\blacktriangleright S_{\Sigma}(X,\psi) := \int_{\Sigma} \operatorname{dvol}_{\gamma} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \left\langle \mathrm{d}X, \mathrm{d}X \right\rangle_{g} + \left\langle \psi, D_{X}\psi \right\rangle_{g} \right\}$$

What does the string connection do?

> The fermionic path integral is a well-defined element

$$s(X) := \int \mathrm{d}\psi \; \mathrm{e}^{\; \int_{\Sigma} \; \mathrm{d}\mathrm{vol}_{\gamma} \; \langle \psi, \mathcal{D}_{X}\psi 
angle_{g}} \in \mathcal{P}\!\mathit{faff}(D)$$

(Freed-Moore '06)

The remaining Feynman amplitude

$$\mathcal{A}_{\Sigma}(X) := \mathrm{e}^{\int_{\Sigma} \mathrm{dvol}_{\gamma} \frac{1}{2} \langle \mathrm{d}X, \mathrm{d}X \rangle_{g}} \cdot s(X)$$

is a section  $\mathcal{A}_{\Sigma} \in \Gamma(\mathcal{P} faff(D))$ .

 Since the string connection trivializes *Pfaff(D)*, the section *A<sub>Σ</sub>* becomes a function

$$\mathcal{A}_{\Sigma}: C^{\infty}(\Sigma, M) \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}.$$

What are string connections?

 Connection-preserving trivializations of the Chern-Simons 2-gerbe CS<sub>P</sub>.

What is a string connection good for?

It trivializes the Pfaffian line bundle *Pfaff(D)*, and makes the Feynman amplitude of the supersymmetric sigma model a function.

In terminology of Freed and Moore, it "sets the quantum integrand".

Literature:

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